

# **The Forest Industry in B.C. Putting it in Context**

**Presentation to Western Wood Products Association  
Prince George**

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# COFI TOP 10

1. ESTABLISHED 1960

2. THREE OFFICES

- Vancouver
- Prince George
- Kelowna

3. LINKAGES THROUGH CWEP TO OFFICES IN:

- Tokyo
- Shanghai
- Beijing
- Seoul



# COFI TOP 10 (Cont'd.)

## 4. PROVIDES FOLLOWING SERVICES

- Quality Control – Including Grader Training and Certification
- Government, Public and Community Relations – Provincial and Regional
- Market Access and Development on a Global Scale
- Issues Management Support, Advice and Advocacy Related to:
  - o Forestry
  - o Aboriginal Affairs
  - o Occupational Health and Safety
  - o Environment
  - o Emerging Issues of Concern



## **COFI TOP 10 (Cont'd.)**

5. BUDGET: \$3.8 MILLION
6. EMPLOYEES: 28
7. CORPORATE MEMBERS: 29
8. LIMITED MEMBERS: 24
9. ANNUAL CONVENTION: PRINCE GEORGE, APRIL 11-13, 2007
10. URL: [www.cofi.org](http://www.cofi.org)



# OUTLINE

1. GLOBAL PICTURE

2. BC PICTURE

3. THREE EXTERNAL CHALLENGES

- FX
- MPB
- SLA 2006



# Global Top 100 Forest Companies\*

	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Sales	\$340	\$328	\$319	\$295	\$302
Net Earnings	\$9	\$14	\$7.3	\$3.5	\$6.8
ROCE	4.5%	5.3%	4.2%	4.3%	4.6%

\*Forest, Paper & Packaging: 11/100 are Canadian; 27/100 are U.S.

Source: PricewaterhouseCoopers; USD billions



# Industry Characteristics

- **Extremely capital intensive**
- **Fragmented industry**
- **Commodity business**
- **Chronic underperformer (single digit ROCE)**
- **Currency fluctuations**



# U.S. Top 10 Softwood Lumber Producers

	No. of Mills	Production (million bf)
1. Weyerhaeuser	25	5,306
2. International Paper	19	2,350
3. Georgia-Pacific	23	1,730
4. Sierra-Pacific Industries	11	1,637
5. Hampton Affiliates	5	1,450
6. Stimson Lumber	12	1,239
7. Simpson Timber	5	1,180
8. Temple-Inland	7	940
9. Potlatch	6	930
10. RSG Forest Products	5	875
Total Top 30	174	24,575
Total U.S.		40,700
% of USA		60.4%

Source: Wood Markets Report – International Wood Markets Group Inc.



# Canada Top 10 Softwood Lumber Producers

	No. of Mills	Production (million bf)
1. Canfor	15	4,624
2. West Fraser Timber	18	4,212
3. Tolko	10	2,307
4. Abitibi-Consolidated	21	2,108
5. Weyerhaeuser Canada	8	1,680
6. Tembec	13	1,549
7. Domtar	11	1,200
8. Buchanan Lumber	7	1,100
9. Bowater	9	900
10. JD Irving	8	773
Total Top 30	166	26,948
Total Canada		34,500
% of Canada		78.1%

Source: Wood Markets Report – International Wood Markets Group Inc.



# Top 10 N.A. Softwood Lumber Producers *(million bf)*

Rank	Company	Prod'n. 2005	% of N.A. 2005
1	Weyerhaeuser	5,306	7.1%
2	Canfor	4,624	6.1%
3	West Fraser	4,212	5.6%
4	International Paper	2,350	3.1%
5	Tolko	2,307	3.1%
6	Abitibi-Consolidated	2,108	2.8%
7	G-P (Koch Industries)	1,730	2.3%
8	Sierra-Pacific	1,637	2.2%
9	Tembec	1,549	2.1%
10	Hampton Affiliates	1,450	1.9%
	Total Top 10	27,273	36.3%
	Others	47,927	63.7%
	Total North America	75,200	100%

Source: Wood Markets Report – Oct. 2006



# BC Financial Results – By Product

(\$ millions)

	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Sales					
Lumber <sup>1</sup>	\$7,511	\$8,198	\$6,201	\$6,922	\$6,655
Plywood and Veneer <sup>1</sup>	996	1,334	1,071	945	799
Market Pulp	2,551	2,575	2,419	2,300	2,483
Uncoated Groundwood Papers	1,467	1,492	1,295	1,244	1,625
Other Operations <sup>2</sup>	5,179	5,273	3,390	4,208	4,191
<b>Total Sales</b>	<b>17,704</b>	<b>18,872</b>	<b>14,376</b>	<b>15,619</b>	<b>15,753</b>
Less: Wood Chips Consumed in BC	(735)	(843)	(634)	(592)	(681)
<b>Net Sales</b>	<b>\$16,969</b>	<b>\$18,029</b>	<b>\$13,742</b>	<b>\$15,027</b>	<b>\$15,072</b>
<b>Net Earnings (Loss)</b>	<b>\$329</b>	<b>\$2,216</b>	<b>\$337</b>	<b>\$98</b>	<b>\$(89)</b>

1 Includes wood chip by-product revenues.

2 Includes CTMP, de-inked market pulp, linerboard, kraft paper, coated paper, oriented strand board (OSB), medium density fibreboard (MDF), other composite boards, tissue, shakes and shingles, and unallocated corporate.

Source: PriceWaterhouseCoopers



# Selected Industry Statistics – BC

(\$ millions)

	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Employment					
Direct	77,350	78,000	78,300	81,400	85,600
Indirect	154,700	156,000	156,600	162,800	171,700
Payments to Gov't.	\$3,265	\$3,732	\$2,758	\$3,345	\$3,027
CAPX	\$925	\$850	\$759	\$721	\$655
Depreciation	\$948	\$1,009	\$991	\$950	\$1,012

# Employee Compensation and Benefits

(\$ millions, except as noted)

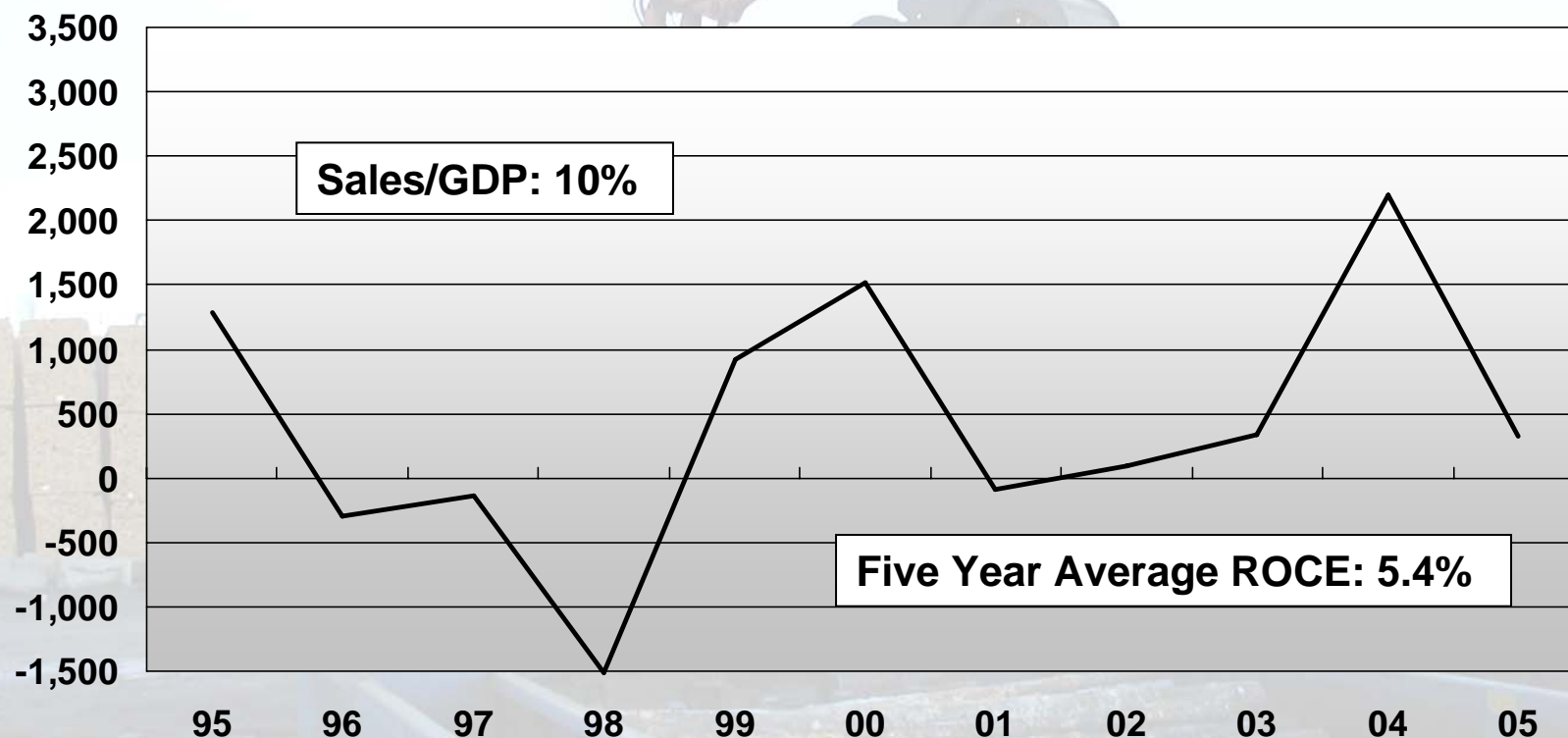
	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Compensation</b>	\$4,232	\$4,456	\$4,137	\$4,383	\$4,284
<b>Employee Benefits<sup>1</sup></b>	1,443	1,496	1,353	1,352	1,279
<b>Total Compensation and Benefits</b>	\$5,675	\$5,952	\$5,490	\$5,735	\$5,563
<b>Benefits as Percent of Compensation</b>	34.1%	33.6%	32.7%	30.8%	29.9%
<b>Average Compensation</b> (\$ per Employee)	\$54,715	\$57,125	\$52,835	\$53,843	\$50,047
<b>Average Benefits</b> (\$ per Employee)	18,655	19,174	17,275	16,604	14,942
<b>Compensation and Benefits</b> (\$ per Employee)	\$73,370	\$76,299	\$70,110	\$70,447	\$64,989

<sup>1</sup> Includes vacation pay for hourly employees.

Source: PriceWaterhouseCoopers



# BC Operations Net Earnings (Loss)



Source: PricewaterhouseCoopers, CAD millions



# Estimated British Columbia Primary Log Use – 2005

Log Use By:	COAST			INTERIOR			PROVINCE		
	Number of Mills	Estimated Volume Used	Per Cent	Number of Mills	Estimated Volume Used	Per Cent	Number of Mills	Estimated Volume Used	Per Cent
		(000 m <sup>3</sup> )			(000 m <sup>3</sup> )			(000 m <sup>3</sup> )	
Lumber Mills	75	11,933	52.7%	118	51,901	84.9%	193	63,833	76.2%
Veneer/OSB Mills	4	2,035	9.0%	19	6,191	10.1%	23	8,226	9.8%
Pulp Mill Wood Rooms	10	1,200	5.3%	13	766	1.3%	23	1,966	2.3%
Chip Mills	7	2,141	9.5%	6	1,329	2.2%	13	3,470	4.1%
Shake & Shingle Mills	35	808	3.6%	4	17	0.0%	39	825	1.0%
Other Mills	22	146	0.6%	60	511	0.8%	82	656	0.8%
Log Exports		4,383	19.4%		386	0.6%		4,769	5.7%
Total Use	153	22,645	100.0%	220	61,101	100.0%	373	83,746	100.0%
2005 Harvest		23,859			62,810			86,669	
Less Waste and Rejects (estimate)								1,759	
Plus Log Imports								40	
Total Available								84,950	
Difference								1,203	1.4%

Source: Ministry of Forests and Range, Economics and Trade Branch



# Estimates of Product Recovery from Lumber Mills – 2005

	Units	Coast	Interior	Province
<b>Number of Mills</b>		75	118	193
<b>Log Input</b>	('000 m <sup>3</sup> )	11,933	51,901	63,833
<b>Lumber Output</b>				
Lumber Output (nominal measure)	(mfbm)	2,722	14,515	17,237
Lumber Recovery Factor	(mfbm/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.228	0.280	0.270
Conversion Factor *	(m <sup>3</sup> /mfbm)	1.835	1.737	1.752
= Actual Volume of Lumber Produced	('000 m <sup>3</sup> )	4,994	25,213	30,207
As Per Cent of Log Input	(%)	42%	49%	47%
<b>By Product Chip Output (from Lumber Mills)</b>				
By Product Chip Output	(000 bdu)	1,769	7,059	8,828
By Product Chip Recovery Factor	(bdu/'000 m <sup>3</sup> )	148	136	138
Conversion Factor	(m <sup>3</sup> /bdu)	2.62	2.78	2.75
= Volume of Chips Produced	('000 m <sup>3</sup> )	4,634	19,625	24,258
As Per Cent of Log Input	(%)	39%	38%	38%
<b>Sawdust and Shavings - Estimated Volume</b>	('000 m <sup>3</sup> )	2,304	7,063	9,368
As Per Cent of Log Input	(%)	19%	14%	15%

Source: Ministry of Forests and Range, Economics and Trade Branch



# British Columbia Lumber Mill Summary

## Statistics for Medium and Large Size Mills

		1990 ...	1995 ...	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	% change 1990- 2005
<b>COAST</b>										
Number of Mills		43	38	36	34	29	28	27	29	-33%
Total Capacity	billion board feet per year	4.2	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.4	-20%
Total Output	billion board feet per year	3.8	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.6	-31%
Total Input	million cubic metres per year	17.1	15.0	13.8	11.3	10.7	10.1	11.3	11.2	-34%
Average Capacity	million board feet per mill per year	99	100	111	109	113	116	118	117	19%
Capacity Utilization	output divided by capacity	89%	88%	77%	67%	74%	72%	81%	76%	-14%
Lumber Recovery Factor	'000 board feet per cubic metre	0.220	0.223	0.222	0.222	0.228	0.233	0.229	0.231	5%

Mills with capacity over 40 million board feet per year.

Source: Ministry of Forests and Range, Economics and Trade Branch



# British Columbia Lumber Mill Summary

## Statistics for Medium and Large Size Mills

		1990 ...	1995 ...	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	% change 1990- 2005
<b>INTERIOR</b>										
Number of Mills		88	83	77	78	73	70	71	71	-19%
Total Capacity	billion board feet per year	10.7	10.4	10.8	11.3	11.6	11.9	12.6	12.9	21%
Total Output	billion board feet per year	10.0	10.0	10.5	10.3	11.8	11.9	13.4	14.3	43%
Total Input	million cubic metres per year	42.2	40.9	40.0	38.1	43.4	43.1	47.6	50.7	20%
Average Capacity	million board feet per mill per year	121	125	140	145	159	170	177	181	50%
Capacity Utilization	output divided by capacity	93%	96%	98%	90%	102%	100%	107%	111%	19%
Lumber Recovery Factor	'000 board feet per cubic metre	0.236	0.245	0.263	0.269	0.273	0.275	0.281	0.282	19%

Mills with capacity over 40 million board feet per year.

Source: Ministry of Forests and Range, Economics and Trade Branch



# British Columbia Lumber Mill Summary

## Statistics for Medium and Large Size Mills

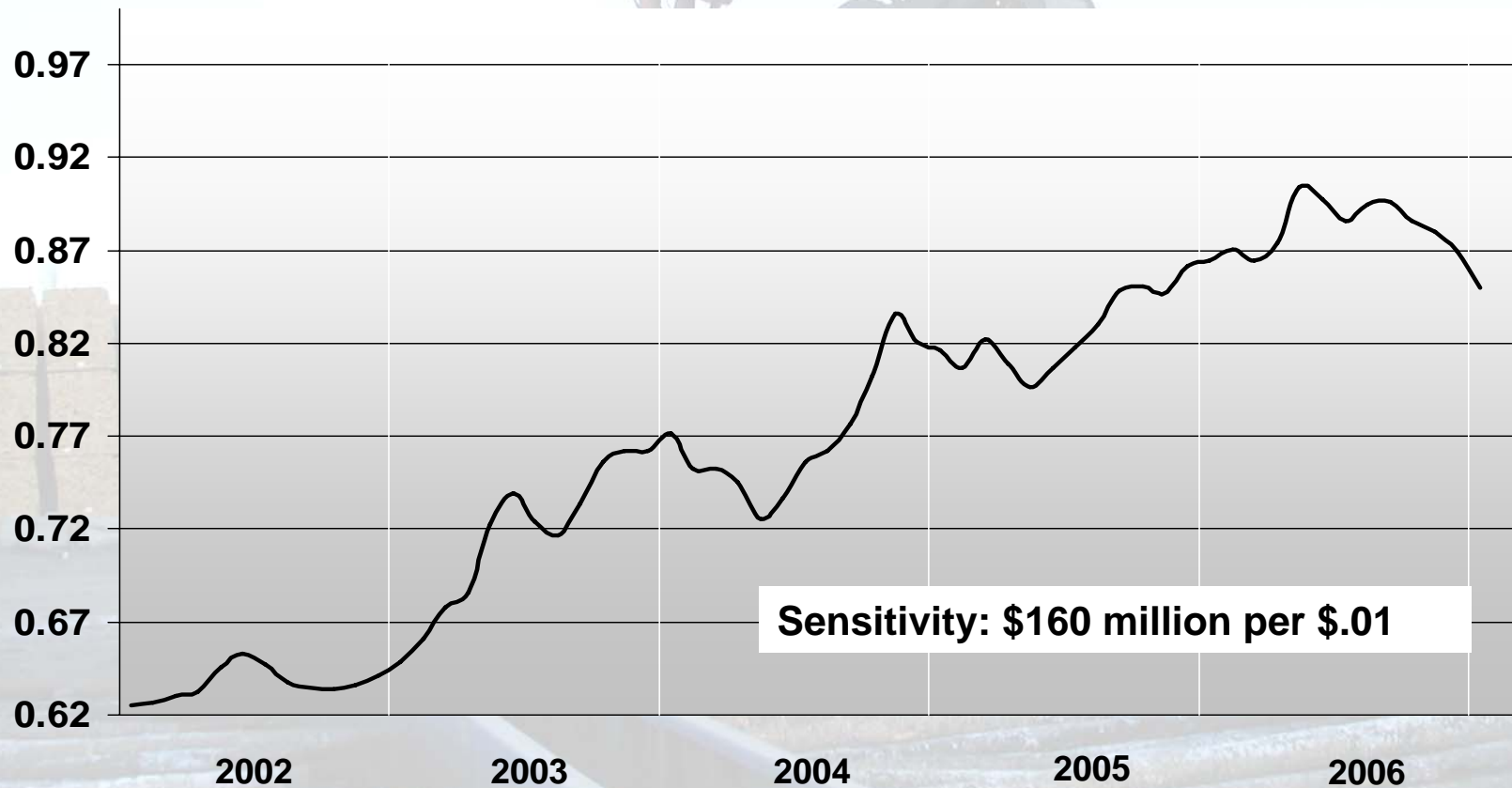
		1990 ...	1995 ...	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	% change 1990- 2005
<b>PROVINCE</b>										
Number of Mills		131	121	113	112	102	98	98	100	-24%
Total Capacity	billion board feet per year	14.9	14.2	14.7	15.1	14.9	15.1	15.8	16.3	9%
Total Output	billion board feet per year	13.7	13.3	13.6	12.8	14.3	14.2	16.0	16.9	23%
Total Input	million cubic metres per year	59.2	55.8	53.8	49.4	54.0	53.1	58.9	61.9	5%
Average Capacity	million board feet per mill per year	114	117	130	134	146	154	161	163	43%
Capacity Utilization	output divided by capacity	92%	94%	92%	85%	96%	94%	101%	104%	12%
Lumber Recovery Factor	'000 board feet per cubic metre	0.232	0.239	0.253	0.258	0.264	0.267	0.271	0.272	17%

Mills with capacity over 40 million board feet per year.

Source: Ministry of Forests and Range, Economics and Trade Branch



# Canadian Dollar vs. US Dollar (C\$ per US\$)



Sensitivity: \$160 million per \$.01

Source: Bank of Canada; USD per CAD; Monthly Average Rates

# Mountain Pine Beetle

- Extremely serious environmental epidemic
- Cumulative volume impacted about 580 million m<sup>3</sup>
- Aggressive mitigation could limit short/mid term AAC fall to 5-25% in areas with greater than 50% pine
- Actions to mitigate depth and duration of impacts include:
  - Getting at green attack stands early
  - Extend economic shelf life of older stands
    - Capital investment in mills
    - Diversity of use for heavily damaged older stands
  - Rehabilitation and reforestation

## Bottom Line

BC will remain a stable/secure supply of high quality lumber



# SLA 2006

## The Deal

- Tax or quota in low markets
- 80% of deposits returned
- About US\$4.5 billion including interest
- US\$1 billion to US
  - \$500 to Coalition
  - \$450 to meritorious projects
  - \$50 to Bi-National Committee
- 7 year term plus 2 year renewal
- Surge penalty
- Technical Working Groups
- Anti-Circumvention Clause
- BC Timber Pricing System more sensitive to market forces
- Devil in the details!

# Export Charge Rate

<b>Random Lengths Composite for Agreement (US\$/mbf)</b>	<b>BC Export Charge Rate</b>
Over 355	No Export Charge
336-355	5%
316-335	10%
315 or under	15%



# Export Charge Rate

<b>Month</b>	<b>Random Lengths Composite for Agreement (US\$/mbf)</b>	<b>BC Export Charge Rate</b>
October 2006	299	15%
November 2006	283	15%
December 2006	277	15%
January 2007	278	15%
February 2007	293	15%
March 2007	291	15%

# British Columbia Monthly Surge Limits *(million board feet)*

	Expected US Consumption	BC Coast Surge Limit	BC Coast Actual Exports	BC Interior Surge Limit	BC Interior Actual Exports
October 2006	5,707	104		1,094	
October 2006 pro-rated	3,682	67	58	706	502
November 2006	5,026	92	71	964	715
December 2006	4,734	95	57	908	664
January 2007	4,875	77	61	935	770
February 2007**	4,641	104	44	890	377

\* Export levels are based on export permit data and are subject to change prior to end of monthly correction period.

\*\*As of February 19, 2007.